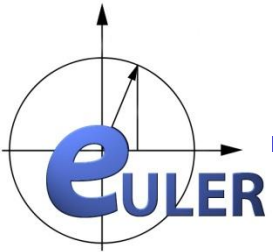


EULER - The first pan-European SDR-based public safety communications platform project

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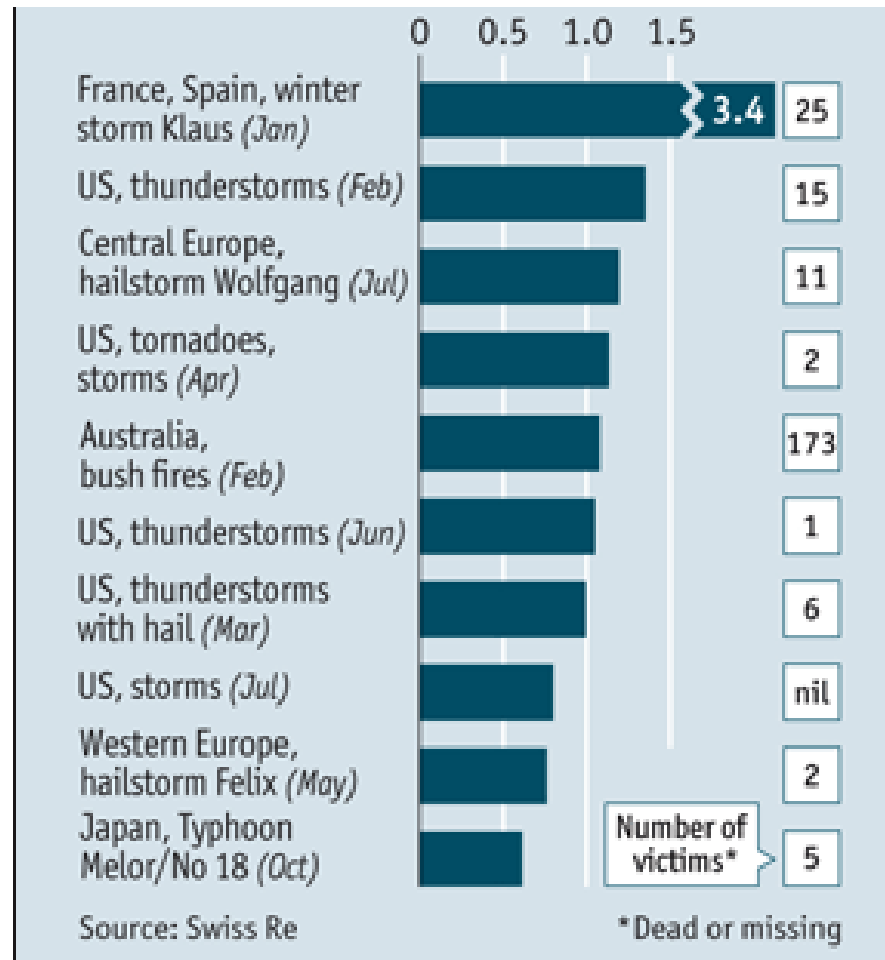


- 1 Introduction
- 2 Motivation
- 3 Interoperability issues
- 4 Spectrum Allocation issue
- 5 EULER backbone discussion
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- 7 Security issues
- 8 Conclusions & Future Developments

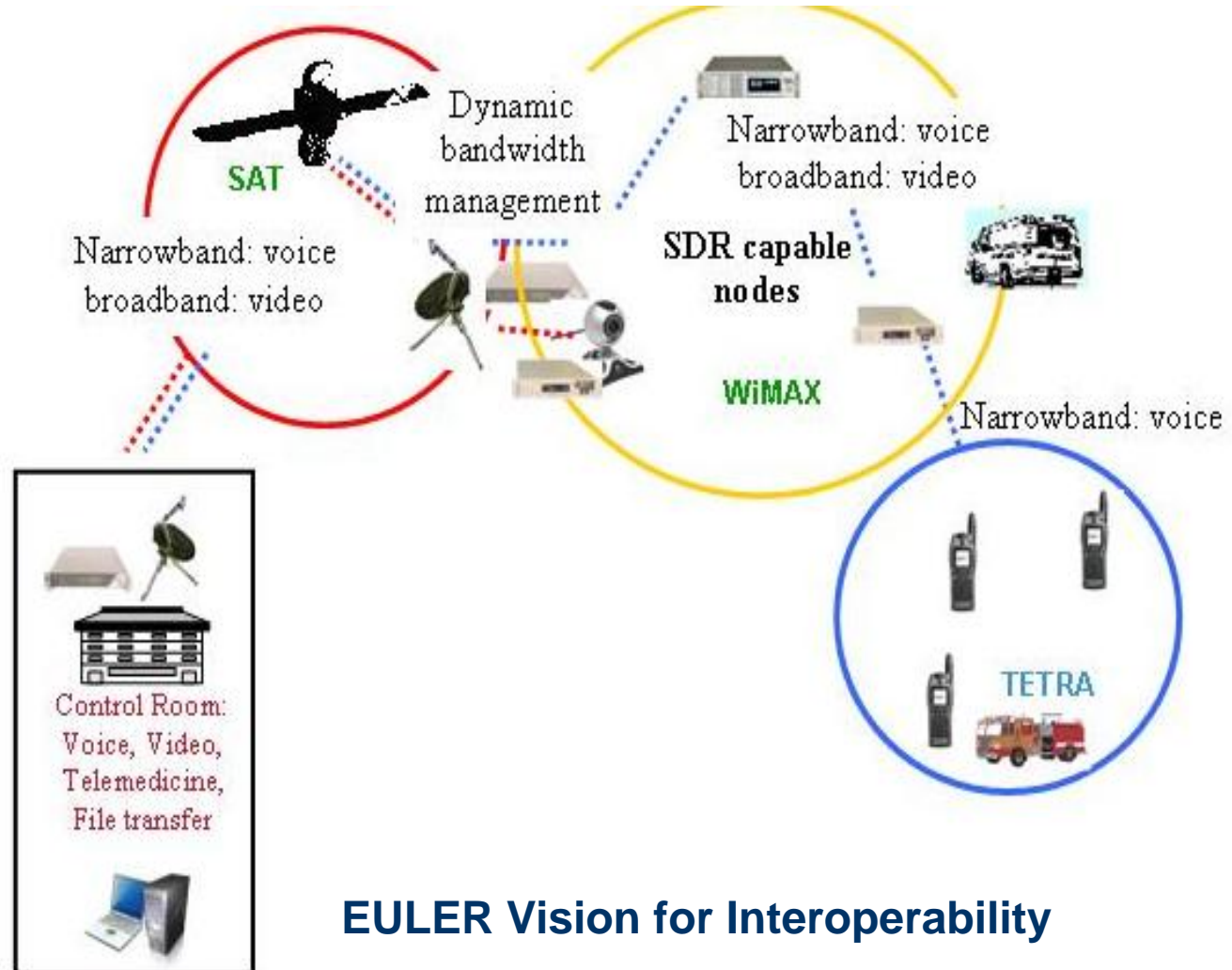
- Difficulties in the use of radio communications
 - lack of interoperable interfaces
 - prohibits effective roaming.
- Public Protection Disaster Relief (PPDR)
 - effective cross-border cooperation
 - adequate communication capabilities
 - interoperable radio communication systems
- Security is needed
 - avoid possible SDR communication attacks
 - Protect Public Safety officers and the people.
- The EULER network and nodes are
 - based on SDR technology
 - WF implementing the 802.16 standard (WiMAX).

| Service Type | Proportion of Spectrum |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| Defence | 27.2 % |
| Transport | 20.7 % |
| Emergency services | 0.9 % |
| other public | 1.4 % |

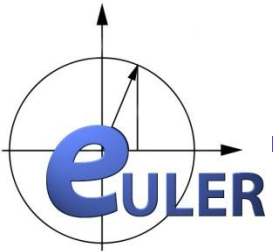
**PUBLIC SECTOR SPECTRUM USAGE IN THE
108 MHz TO 6 GHz BAND**



Natural Disasters in Terms of Biggest Insurance Losses and Loss of Life



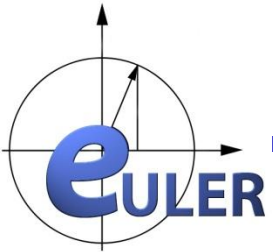
EULER Vision for Interoperability



3-2EULER Communication Attributes

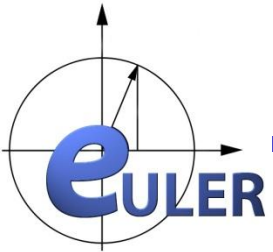


- Physical layer and protocols characteristics
 - matched between the systems
 - RAT & RAN
 - conversion of physical and electrical states,
 - rate adaptation
- Mapping service data units with an inter-working protocol, including conversion, filtering and discarding;
- Handle compatibility information and service agreement;
- Provide conversion between numbering or channeling plans (see tuning range following);
- Information assurance.



4-1 Spectrum Allocation issue

- In Europe, 380-400 MHz frequencies are often used
 - 25kHz channels
 - Mostly voice
 - most common type of network is TETRA.
- Dedicated spectrum sufficient to carry video and other wide-band data for operational communications will increase
- Political diversity of Europe is reflected in the variety of spectrum regulations at national level.
- Within nations the need for harmonized frequency tuning ranges is important.
- Global spectrum identification is important to allow worldwide Disaster Relief communications

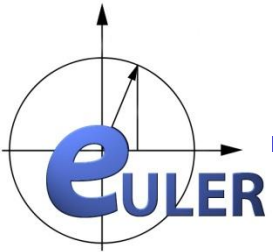


4-2 EULER Perceived Requirements



- Verification of biometric data.
- Wireless video surveillance and remote monitoring.
- Automatic number plate recognition.
- Documents scan
- Database checks.
- Transmission of Building/Floor plans.
- Monitoring of vital signs of Public Safety officers.
- Remote emergency medical services.
- Collect and share.
- Access to images.

These are wider scale than what EULER seeks to address in the short term.

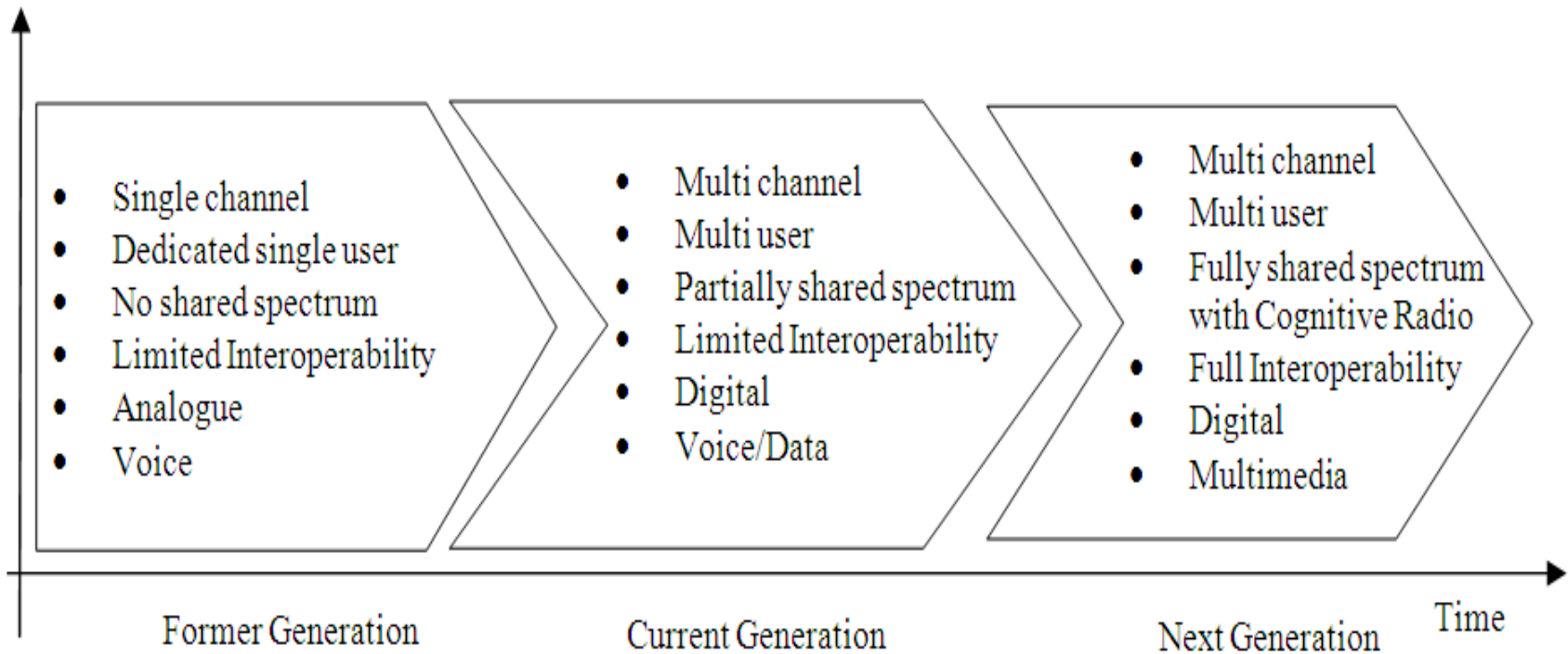


5-1 EULER backbone discussion

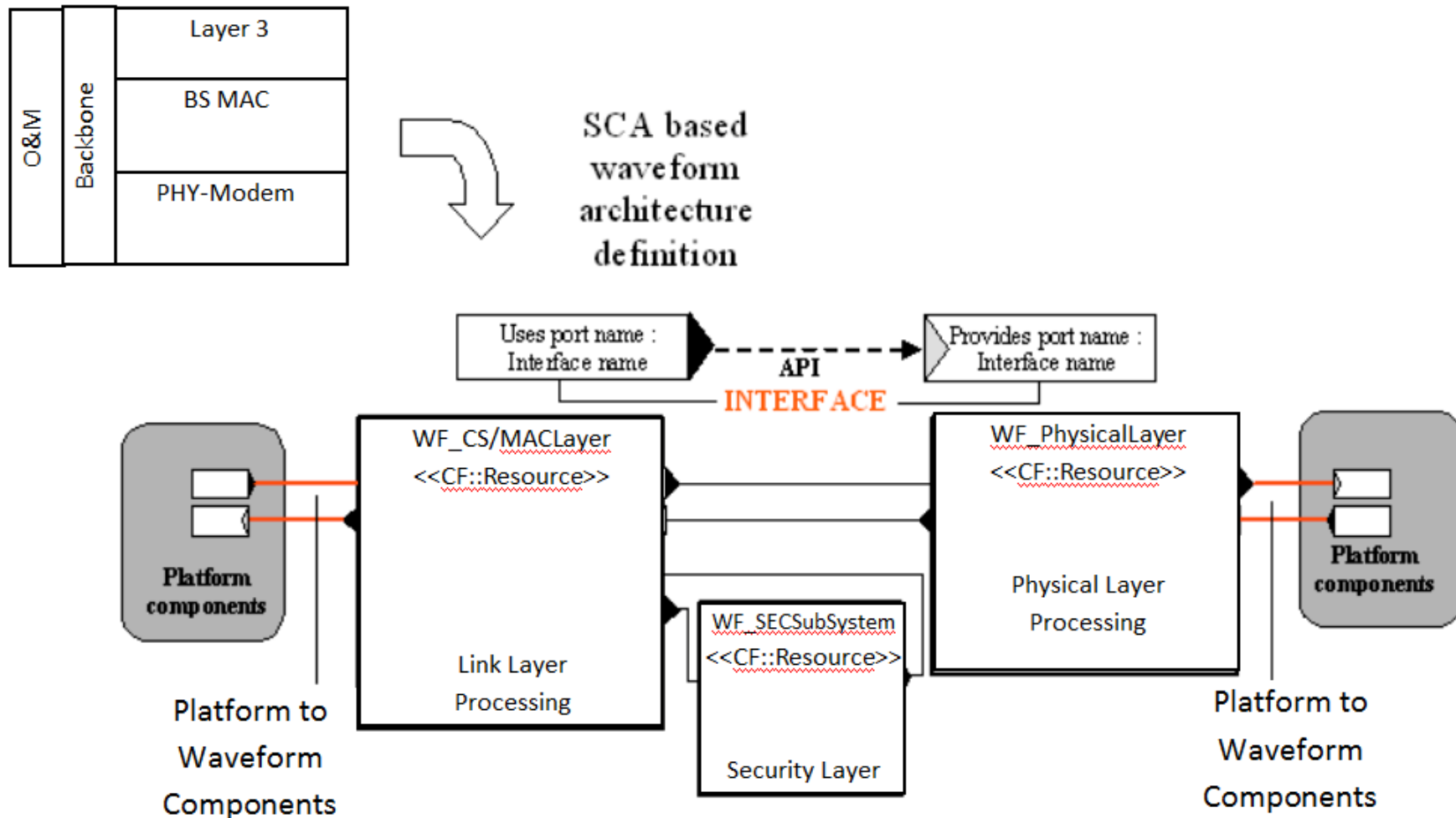
Possible Spectrum Strategies

- A) Licensed bands allocated allocations
- B) Licensed bands owned by another (primary) user, so that EULER would be the secondary users (suitable for scenario 2).
- C) Licensed bands shared between EULER and another network(s) with a spectrum sharing mechanism for the band, where EULER has priority.
- D) License-exempt bands requiring no license

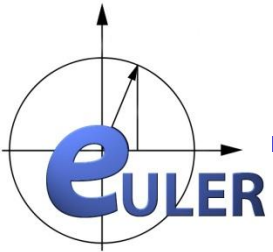
***These are aspects beyond technical, more legal and political
- Needs coordinated assessment***



EULER HDR WF architecture definition



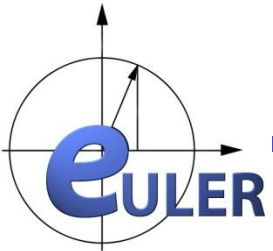
- Security enforcement is constrained by the information sensitive level,
- Aspects of INFOSEC, COMSEC and TRANSEC
- A wider-scale vision of interoperability has to consider components provided by SDRs and the correspondent subsystems hosting AAA:
 - A = Authentication:
 - the service to ensure that the communication entity is the one that it claims to be.
 - A = Authorization:
 - function determines whether a particular entity is authorized to perform a given activity.
 - A = Availability:
 - that the wireless communication resources are available and usable by authorized users.



8 Conclusions & Future Developments



- There is an increasing demand for the Military and public safety services to provision interoperability and support spectrum sharing
- This demand is driven by the need to increase the capabilities of military and public safety organizations in the resolution of man-made and natural disasters.
- The EULER project advocates the use of SDR systems and terminals to implement “spectrum sharing”.
- In Europe, spectrum challenges are even more severe than in other political regions, because of the political diversity and consequent fragmentation
- Our solution is in the developmental stage and explores these aspects to enhance to communications and networking with interoperability features.



Thank you 

Thank you
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