

# GWN: a Framework for Packet Radio and Medium Access Control in GNU Radio

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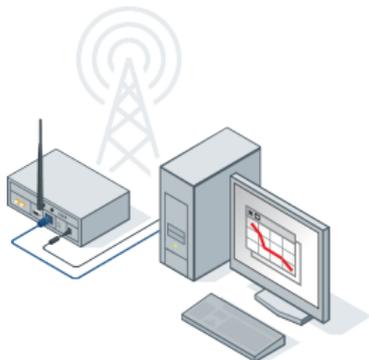
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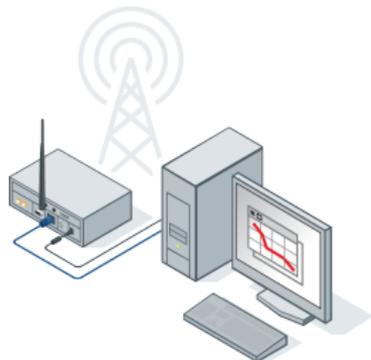
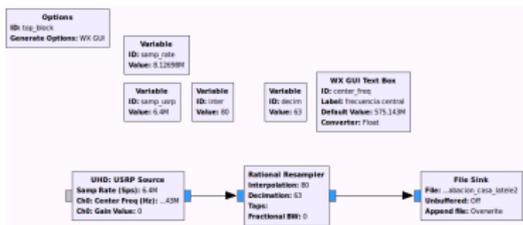
# Software Defined Radio (SDR)

- Basic idea: implement as much as possible of receiver and/or transmitter in software
- We focused on PC-based SDRs: enough sampling rate for most applications + only some hundreds dollars



# Software Defined Radio (SDR)

- Basic idea: implement as much as possible of receiver and/or transmitter in software
- We focused on PC-based SDRs: enough sampling rate for most applications + only some hundreds dollars
- Software: GNU Radio
  - Free and open-source SDR development toolkit
    - Provides framework to implement and interconnect blocks
  - Extremely popular
    - Supports most (if not all) SDR hardware
    - Growing base of already-implemented blocks



# GNU Radio and Wireless Networks

- GNU Radio was originally conceived for stream-oriented communications

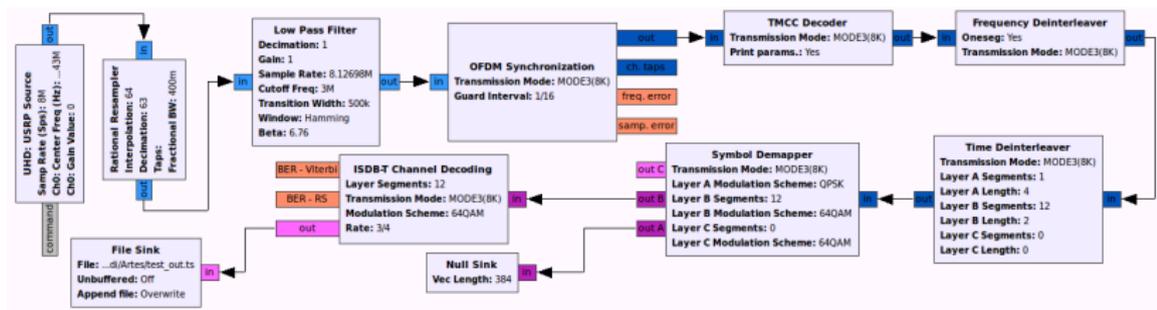


Fig: An example flowgraph of gr-isdbt, our ISDB-T (DTV) receiver

- What if I want to work with packets?

# GNU Radio and Wireless Networks

What if I want to work with packets on GNU Radio?

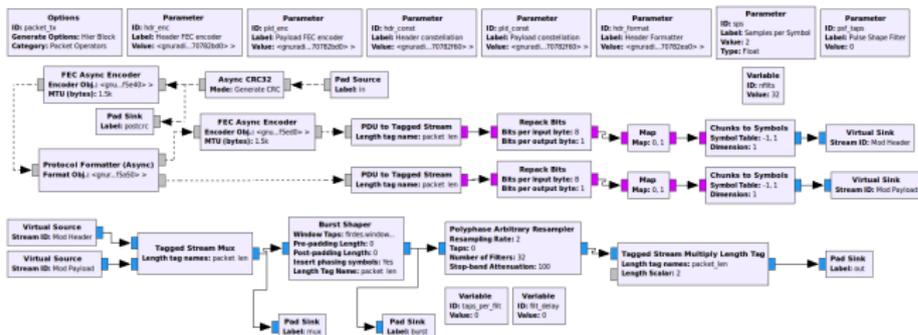


Fig: An example flowgraph of gr-digital (packet\_tx.grc)

# GNU Radio and Wireless Networks

What if I want to work with packets on GNU Radio?

- **Tagged Streams**

- Specific samples may be “marked” with extra data (i.e. where a new packet begins)

- **Message passing**

- Blocks may send and receive **messages**
- They work asynchronously and separated from the data stream
- Blocks may even receive messages from external apps
- Messages are actually PMTs: generic data containers which may contain mostly anything, and in particular packets

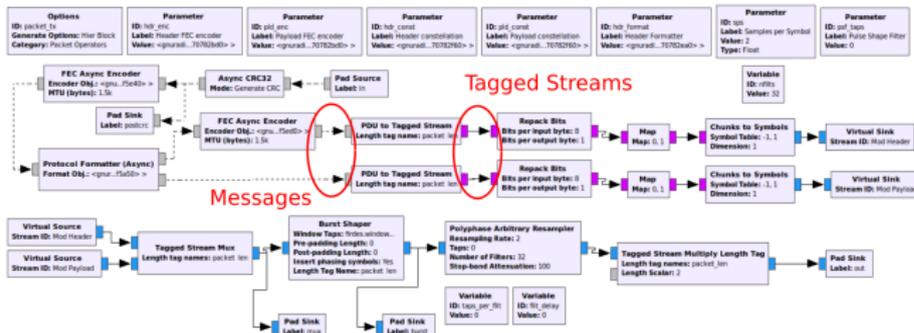


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# GNU Radio and Wireless Networks

Natural next step: What if I want to implement the Data Link Layer on GNU Radio?

- What's necessary?
  - TX: Packets have to be sent when certain conditions are met (e.g. free channel, slotted time), acknowledgements waited for a certain time, packets re-sent, etc.
  - RX: As packets are received, error checking/correction is performed, re-ordering may be necessary, (n)acknowledgments sent, etc.
  - The above includes the **Medium Access Control** mechanism

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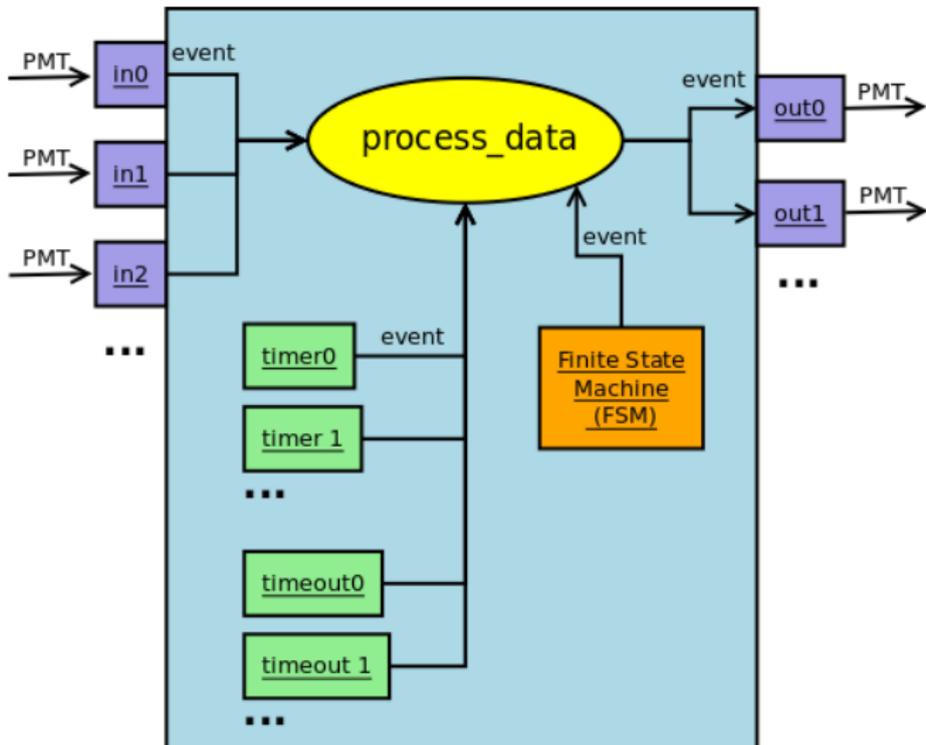
- ① A Finite State Machine (FSM) to implement the protocol's logic
- ② Events to drive the FSM
- ③ Timing

# GNU Radio Wireless Networks

- We present GNU Radio Wireless Networks (GWN)
- It introduces `gwnblock`: an extension of GNU Radio's basic block which includes
  - An implementation of a FSM, which may be specified very easily
  - Events
  - The possibility to handle time
- It is thus fully compatible with GNU Radio and integrates seamlessly
- We demonstrate it by discussing an ARQ (Automatic Repeat ReQuest) implementation

# GWN Architecture

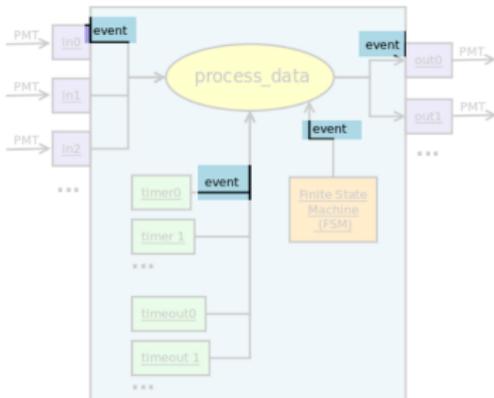
A typical GWN block:



# GWN Architecture

## Events

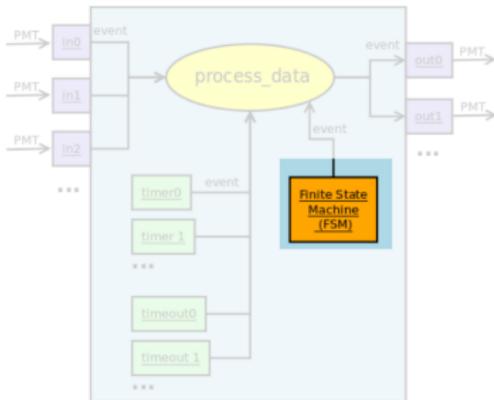
- Events are characterized by:
  - a Nickname which indicates the type of Event
  - a Dictionary with additional information
- Specialized Events are provided: EventConfig, EventTimer and EventComm, along with constructor functions
  - example: EventComm represents an incoming packet, and as such includes source/destination addresses and payload



# GWN Architecture

## Finite State Machine

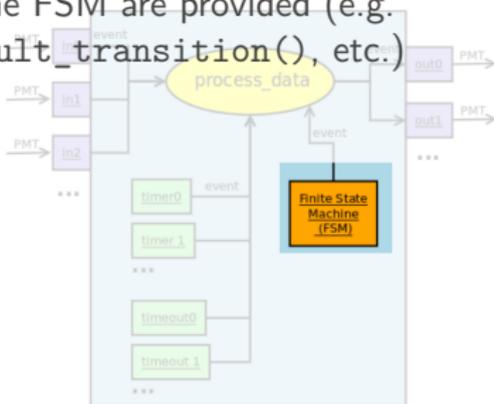
- In addition to states and transitions, GWN's FSM includes:
  - **Action:** a function to be executed on a transition
  - **Memory:** which may be handled in the action functions
  - **Conditions:** a function which, if evaluates to False, the Action and the transition are not executed



# GWN Architecture

## Finite State Machine

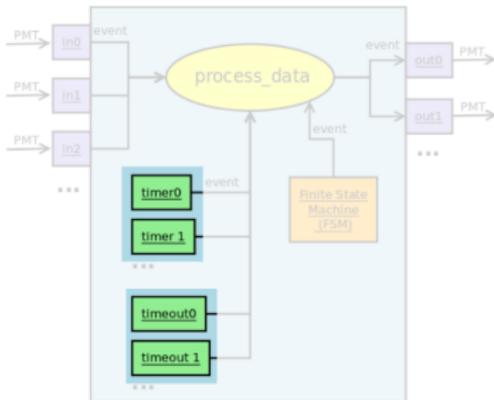
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  - Action: a function to be executed on a transition
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  - Conditions: a function which, if evaluates to False, the Action and the transition are not executed
- FSM is actually a table of transitions with entries as:  
(input,current\_state)->(action, next\_state, condition)
- Several methods to modify the FSM are provided (e.g. `add_transition`, `add_default_transition()`, etc.)



# GWN Architecture

## Handling of Time

- GWN timers generate Events (which are processed as any other Event by the `process_data()` function)
- An arbitrary number of timers may be attached to a block
- Two timing mechanisms are provided in GWN's current form:
  - ① Timers: Events are generated periodically for a number of times
  - ② Timeout: A single Event is generated after a certain time
- All timers may be stopped, reset or interrupted

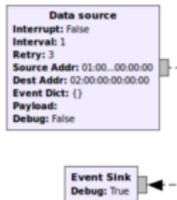


# Creating a new block

Let's do a simple example: Data Source (it generates data events periodically and sends them out as GNU Radio messages)

- 1 New blocks are generated (as usual) through `gr_modtool`:

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gr_modtool add -t sync -l python
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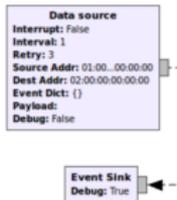
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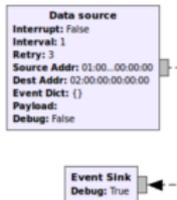
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class data_source(gnublock):
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- 3 Write the constructor (note that the number of timers is specified here):

```
def __init__(self, interrupt=False, interval=1.0, retry=5,
             src_addr='', dst_addr='', payload='', ev_dc={}, debug=False
            ):
    # invocation of ancestor constructor
    gnublock.__init__(self, name='data_source', number_in=0,
                     number_out=1, number_timers=1)
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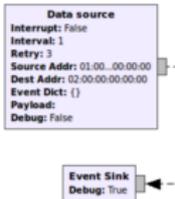
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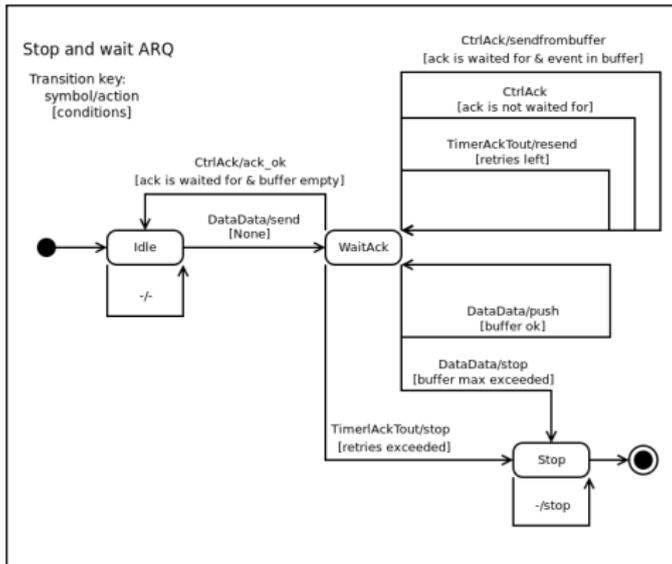
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- 4 Write the `process_data` function to generate a new Data Event and write it on the Event Port



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```
def __init__(self, ack_nickname='CtrlACK', max_retries=3,
              tout_nickname='TimerACKTout', timeout=1.0, buffer_len=1000,
              debug=False):
    # invocation of ancestor constructor
    gwnblock.__init__(self, name='stop_wait_send', number_in=1,
                      number_out=1, number_timeouts=1)
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Stop and Wait send  
ACK nickname: CtrlACK  
Max retries: 3  
Timeout nickname: Tl\_OKOut  
Timeout: 2  
Buffer length: 1k  
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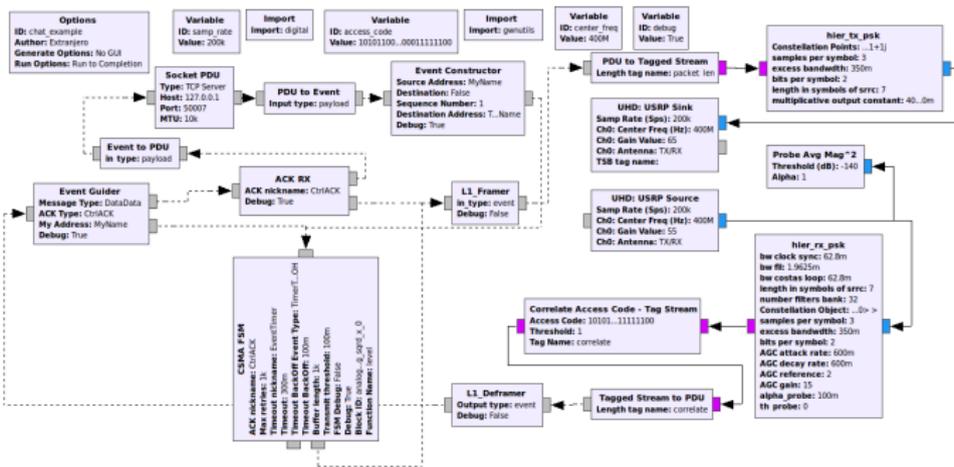
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- 3 Write the FSM. For instance:

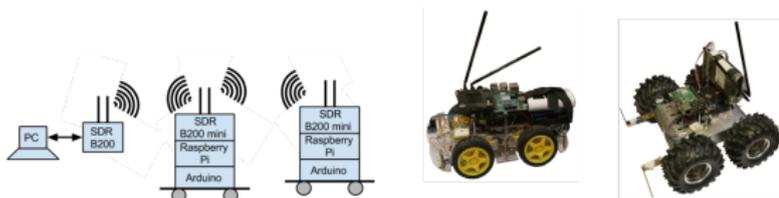
```
def stop_wait_send_fsm(blk):
    # Code to initialize the FSM goes here
    f.add_transition ('TimerACKTout', 'WaitAck', stop, 'Stop', [
        'self.nr_retries >= block.max_retries']) # retries
    exceeded
```

# Demo



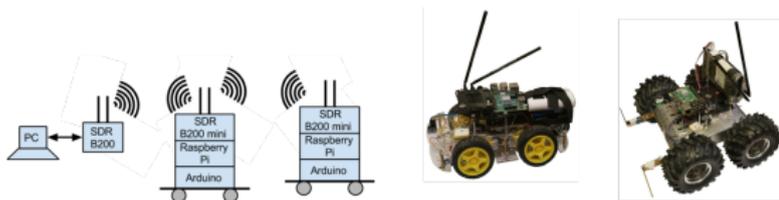
# Conclusions and Future Work

- We've been using GNU Radio for several years now (both education and research), and wished to extend it to support packet communications
- Event objects for inter block communication, conversion to and from GNU Radio PMTs, and the integration of Event inputs and outputs in a generic GWN block is the result of some years worth of iterations of GWN
- GWN has been used successfully “on the field”



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- Although the number of protocols already implemented in GWN is still modest, being open and free we welcome contributions!
- Performance is an issue. We are evaluating a transition to a C++ implementation which should be transparent to users

Thanks for your time!

Any questions?

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<https://github.com/vagonbar/gr-gwn>